

OUR PLATFORM.

Unalterable opposition to the policy of Public Favoritism to Private Industries by Tariff Taxation—commonly called the Republican Policy of Protection.

It looks very much at present as if it would be Cleveland and Blaine again in 1892.

Poor little insignificant nonentity, Light Weight Kinsey. Down deeper than McGinty.

In the late Congressional elections the Democratic majority throughout the land is about 700,000.

The Republican papers seem to have given up all hopes of securing a Republican successor to Senator Vest next year.

Defeated on the tariff issue the Republicans have gone back to their first love and are busy waving the bloody shirt and telling stories of the "late unpleasantness."

Jno. L. Thomas is to-day recognized as the best Circuit Judge in Missouri. Before many years more roll round see if the same can't be said of him as a Supreme Judge.

With a Democratic majority of over 4,000 in Connecticut, the Republicans still retain control of that Legislature in that State. Oh no, it is only the Democrats that gerrymander. The Republicans never do anything of the kind.

If the Southeast Missouri Teacher's Association aspires to any dignity, we would advise its officials to take their printing to a printing office, rather than a blacksmith shop. We make this suggestion on receipt of a programme of the next meeting just received.

The REGISTER has nothing to say against J. F. Green, of Hillsboro. He is a young man of education and ability and would doubtless make an excellent judge. It does seem to us, though, that the north end of the circuit has had the honors long enough and we, of the south, are entitled to representation.

The appointment of Judge Thomas to the Supreme Bench has created a vacancy in the office of Judge of this circuit, and the contest for the position promises to be spirited. The avowed candidates are C. D. Yancey, of Piedmont, and J. F. Green, of Hillsboro, with a possibility of several dark horses in the back ground. The Governor will, of course, make the appointment some time in the course of the next month.

The President's Message was delivered to Congress Monday. It is a very weak document, replete with the merest clap-trap, and reads more like the editorials of a rural Republican journal than an official paper of the Chief Magistrate of the Nation. Benny reiterates his belief in a prohibitive tariff and clamors for the passage of a force bill. It is a Harrison production, out-and-out. We will publish it in full next week.

The Republican papers gleefully attribute the late troubles in financial circles throughout the country to the recent Democratic victory, and say that it is evident capital has little faith in Democracy. Our Republican brothers with so much regard for the truth, do not explain though, why it is, that England, which was to be so greatly benefited by Democratic success, has suffered more than any other country in the recent panic.

Gov. Francis has exhibited high qualities as Governor of our State. He has not made a mistake in all that he has done or left undone. His appointments have all been good, but those last made—Judges of the Supreme Court—are exceptionally good. Indeed, the Governor's general wise tact and prudence and the energetic public spirit he always displays, mark him out as a fit leader of the progressive Young Democracy of our State, and one who has before him a long and successful career of public usefulness in high position.

The November election fully developed the political strength of the great West on the "protective" policy forced upon the country by a Republican Congress. Should that party undertake to "hedge," it will be confronted and denounced by the wealthy manufacturers and iron kings of the New England States, and their methods of carrying Presidential and Congressional elections exposed. The Republican party has long since sold out to the combines and monopolies, that they may be better able to control the men in their employ and regulate wages to suit their selfish purposes.

Senator Quay, chairman of the National Republican Committee, by resorting to the most unprincipled methods ever known in a campaign, won a victory for his party in 1888. All his dirty work was approved by Republicans little and big throughout the country, and he was regarded as one of the greatest of men. Two years later with Mr. Quay still Chairman of the National Committee the Republican party meets with reversals unprecedented in its history. The Republicans big and little now clamor for Quay's removal and say he is an unclean man. And yet Mr. Quay was just as much of an embezzler and disreputable person generally in 1888 as he is now, and the facts were just as

well known two years ago as they are at present.

The election has evidently transformed some Democrat in the First Congressional District of Maine into sheer political lunatics. They have actually been discussing among themselves the question of contesting the election of Speaker Reed to Congress before the next Democratic House. Wiser counsels have finally prevailed, however, and it is now gravely announced that the preposterous project has been given up.—Cape Girardeau Democrat.

And why, Bro. Democrat, shouldn't Mr. Reed be given a dose of his own medicine? Democrats have been unseated by the pre-ent Republican majority in Congress without any regard to decency or justice and Reed sanctoned and assisted in the work. One Democrat from Alabama having a majority of over 13,000 was displaced to make way for a Republican. Why, then, we ask, shouldn't Reed be made to feel the "rights of the majority?"

Knocked silly by the late g. o. p. defeat, the organs are in a horrible tangle. The *Globe-Democrat* has discarded McKinley, Reed, &c., as no longer available Presidential material, and is now yelling for "Blaine and Reciprocity," as the only possible saviors in 1892—Blaine for President, and Reciprocity as the platform. How marked the contrast between the *G. D.* editorial conclusions now and those of 1884! On the 23d of May, that year, it said:

Blaine cannot carry the full strength of the Republican party, to begin with, and his repulsive rotten record will repel the independent or detached voters. He is an unclean man, and the people will not have him. To nominate him would be to court defeat. He stands self-convicted of prostituting the high office he has held to build up a private fortune, of exhibiting with corruption for dishonest money. O, no! his record would damn him.

If the "old issue is dead"—if it "ought to be dead" as our Democratic friends tell us, why is it that only two Republican Congressmen were elected at the recent election in all those states commonly known as the Southern states—those states that were enlisted on the wrong side (as they now admit) of that question? Those states elected 119 Democratic congressmen and only two Republican congressmen. Does that look as if they had forgotten the old issue? The Northern states gave at the last election 112 Democratic congressmen and 92 Republican. Which seems to have forgotten the old issue?—Piedmont Sentinel.

Putting aside the assumption that "the old issue" is not forgotten by men who refuse to vote for Republican candidates, we will endeavor to answer our brother in the fair spirit in which he asks the above questions. The *bete noir* of the Southern people is negro rule, and all other questions are subordinate to that. They have passed through the ordeal once, and have no desire to again experience it. They would not be worthy to be called white men or American citizens if they were willing to put themselves under the black yoke. Northern immigrants who go South to honestly better themselves soon learn to know that negro rule means confiscation and disorder, and therefore vote the Democratic State and local tickets, while in national affairs they still call themselves Republicans. This ordinarily extends to the Congressional candidates, but this year it did not. The Force Bill threatens the welfare of the whole South, and menaces it with a return to negro rule, and just so long as the Republican party insists on keeping that menace before them, the white people of the South, regardless of politics, will stand together in opposition. If Mr. Durham were in Mississippi, or Louisiana, or Arkansas, or South Carolina, earning an honest livelihood, he too would be with them.

Affairs at the State Capitol.

JEFFERSON CITY, Dec. 1.

The appointment of Judge MacFarlane and Judge Thomas to the supreme bench by Gov. Francis seems to have given general satisfaction. The new judges will take their seat on the first Monday in January next and will have charge of the "criminal division" of the court. They held office for two years and their successors will be elected at the general election in 1892.

The Republicans held a state convention in this city last summer and Mr. Chauncey I. Filley, the director-general of that body, announced that the party which he had in charge would not make effort to carry the state this year, reserving that task for 1892; but that it would carry the legislature. The result of the effort is known. Some one was looking for Mr. Filley a few days ago. The governor had to appoint a committee to examine the books and make settlement with the auditor and treasurer, and he needed a Republican member of the house to make the third man on the committee. It was very difficult to find one whose name was sufficiently well known as a Republican to assure the public that the committee was non-partisan. All the prominent Republicans who had offered themselves to the people had been buried under a Democratic avalanche and their remains couldn't even be gotten at. Finally the governor secured a man from a county that was rash enough to send a Republican to the house and the committee was thus made up. This was Mr. Weeks of Jasper county, who with Senator Nat Shelton of Schuyler, and Representative Hughes of DeKalb constitute the examining committee. The Republicans of the next house will be able, without any trouble, to sit around and take their meals off a wash-tub. When Chauncey I. Filley makes another prediction he is likely to hear the word "rats."

The appointment of Judge Thomas to the supreme bench will cause an appointment to the circuit judgeship at present filled by that gentleman. It is thought that there will be a lively contest among the lawyers in the 26th circuit for the appointment. Mr. J. F. Green, of Jefferson county, and Mr. J. W. Emerson, of Iron county, are named in connection with the place. Judge O. M. Spencer, of St. Joseph, has announced that he intends to resign the circuit judgeship which he holds and enter the practice of law again. He will resign about the 1st of January. The governor will have to fill this vacancy also.

The election of Judge DeArmond to congress will bring about another vacancy in a circuit judgeship.

The supreme court will elect a clerk in June next. Mr. Henry Ewing is the present incumbent. He has made an excellent official. It is understood that he will not be a candidate for re-appointment and the contest for his place has already begun. The salary is \$3,000 a year and the term of office is six years. There are now six or seven candidates at work.

Candidates for positions in the legislature are actively at work also, the mail of the new members being flooded with applications. The following is a list of the positions that the legislature has at its disposition, together with the salaries attached:

SENATE—Secretary, \$5; assistant secretary, \$5; engrossing clerk, \$5; enrolling clerk, \$5; official reporter, \$5; chaplain, \$5; reading clerk, \$5; folder, \$4; sergeant-at-arms, \$3.50; doorkeeper, \$3.50; committee clerks, \$3.50; pages and laborers, \$1.50; other employees, \$2.

HOUSE—Chief clerk, \$5; assistant chief clerk, \$5; engrossing clerk, \$5; enrolling clerk, \$5; official reporter, \$5; chaplain, \$5; reading clerks, \$5; folder, \$4; sergeant-at-arms, \$3.50; doorkeeper, \$3.50; committee clerks, \$3.50; pages and laborers, \$1.50; other employees, \$2.

There will not be so many clerks employed at this session as at the last, for the reason that the last was a revising session and the clerical assistance demanded was very great. Besides, the new legislature comes in with a determination to retrench expenditures and will no doubt set a good example in the matter of employing as little help as is necessary for the transaction of business.

The state officers are preparing their reports for submission to the governor and transmission to the legislature. The departments are all in good shape and interesting reports may be looked for. The finances of the state are in excellent condition and the administration is prepared to make a fine showing for the two years it has been in power.

Jefferson City is getting its household ready for the reception of the legislature. Houses are being repainted, streets repaired, the hotels are being redecorated and refurnished and altogether there is quite a house-cleaning taking place for the guests soon to arrive. The session promises to be a pleasant one socially.

MIKE.

FARM FOR SALE.—Two miles south of Hermann, Mo., 30 acres; 5 acres in vine grapes, 5 acres in timber, the rest farming land. On the farm a good house built of rock, 5 rooms, 2 cellar, cistern and spring, barn and stable. Price \$900. For further information write to or see Mrs. ANNA NIENHAUSE, Hermann, Gasconade county, Mo.

Read Our Offer for the Holidays.

We will make, until the 1st of January, 1891, One Dozen Cabinet Photographs and One Hundred Perkins' Photographic Petite Pictures, for \$3. The public are respectfully invited to call and see our new styles. "Good Pictures or no charge." Gallery opposite Mrs. Lopez's, Ironton, Mo.

W. C. PERKINS.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"Like Magic,"

THE effect produced by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Colds, Coughs, Croup, and Sore Throat are, in most cases, immediately relieved by the use of this wonderful remedy.

It strengthens the vocal organs, allays irritation, and prevents the invasion of Consumption; in every stage of that dread disease, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral relieves coughing and induces refreshing rest.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for thirty years and have always found it the best remedy for croup, to which complaint my children have been subject."—Capt. U. Carley, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"From an experience of over thirty years in the sale of proprietary medicines, I feel justified in recommending Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. One of the best recommendations of the Pectoral is the enduring quality of its popularity, it being more salable now than it was twenty-five years ago, when its great success was considered marvellous."—R. S. Drake, M. D., Bellot, Kans.

"My little sister, four years of age, was so ill from bronchitis that we had almost given up hope of her recovery. Our family physician, a skilled man and of large experience, pronounced it useless to give her any more medicine; saying that he had done all it was possible to do, and we must prepare for the worst. As a last resort, we determined to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and I can truly say, with the most happy results. After taking a few doses she seemed to breathe easier, and, within a week, was out of danger. We continued giving the Pectoral until satisfied she was entirely well. This has given me unbounded faith in the preparation, and I recommend it confidently to my customers."—C. O. Lepper, Druggist, Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Colds and Coughs, take

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

PENSIONS.

If you want a pension, or increase, write to T. F. Hensley, ex-Special Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau, Washington, D. C., and learn something that may benefit you in presenting your claim.

PATENTS.

T. F. Hensley, solicitor of Patents, Washington, D. C. Write for terms and instructions.

Notice of Letters.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of testamentary, upon the estate of Lettie S. Kincaid, late of Iron county, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, by the Judge of the Probate Court of Iron County, Mo., bearing date the 8th day of November, 1890. All persons having claims against said Estate, are required to exhibit them for allowance to me within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred.

WALTER FISHER, Executor.

THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING IS THE EATING OF IT.

A FAIR PROPOSITION!

To those coming to Ironton to Buy Goods: That is, if we do not Sell you Goods at least 25 per cent. less than any competitor,

WE AGREE TO
Pay Your Expenses
IN COMING HERE!

A Few Legitimate Reasons Why We Can Undersell All Others:

- 1st. We buy direct from the Mills.
- 2d. We're ever on the go, with money to buy Bargains.
- 3d. We sell so many Goods, we can sell at a small profit.
- 4th. We Buy for Cash.
- 5th. 25 years' experience has taught us How to Buy.
- 6th. We are Going Out of Business, and want to Sell Everything.
- 7th. Because we Wrap you up the Same Goods you Buy.

Men's Fine Overcoats for \$7, Worth \$12.50!

100 Boys' Overcoats, with Capes, \$1.00.

All Our Great Lines of Clothing Reduced in Price!

All our Underwear at Half-Price.
All our Ladies' Wraps & Cloaks, 1/2-Price.
600 Men's & Boys' Caps at 1/2-Price.

Extra Wide Plaid Dress Flannels, and All-Wool Basket-Cloth, at 25 cents a yard; worth 40.

100 Plush Nelly Bly Caps, for 50 cents; worth \$1.
5-Inch All-Silk Ribbon, in White and Cherry, 10c a yard.
250 Yards, the Latest Silk and Gilt Braid for Dress Trimming, at 15c a yard; worth 50c. The best Humboldt Jeans Pants at \$1.25.

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WALL - PAPER, TRUNKS VALISES,
Silks, Satins: Everything Very Cheap. See our Fine, All-Wool Toboggan Caps, 25c Each. Remember! this is

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